

Linux Day 28

Giornata nazionale a favore della diffusione del software libero e del sistema operativo GNU/Linux

2017

ottobre



Università degli Studi di Palermo
Viale delle scienze - Edificio 7
Aula Magna di Ingegneria
INGRESSO LIBERO

- 09.00 Registrazione dei partecipanti
- 09.30 Saluti e inizio dei lavori
- Sessione mattutina**
Moderatore: Marcello Masotto
- 10.00 Introduzione al Free software
Lorenzo Faletta
- 10.30 GDPR 2016/679: conformi entro il 2018, cosa bisogna sapere?
Adriano Bertolino
- 11.00 Blockchain, bitcoin e altro
Daniele Mondello
- 11.30 Coffee Break
- 12.00 Introduzione alla crittografia
Nanni Bassetti
- 13.00 Dibattito
- 13.30 Pausa Pranzo
- Sessione pomeridiana**
Moderatore: Marcello Masotto
- 14.30 (in)Sicurezza nella videosorveglianza
Davide Ammirata
- 15.00 IoT: Internet of Things? Internet of Thieves!
Giovanni Pullarà
- 15.30 Resistenza digitale: consigli per la privacy
Mariano Graziano
- 16.30 Hacks, Data breach e Cyber Warfare
Girolamo Daniele Bruneo
- 17.00 Dibattito e chiusura dei lavori
- 17.30 Rilascio degli attestati di frequenza



linuxday.thefreecircle.org/2017

Col patrocinio di:

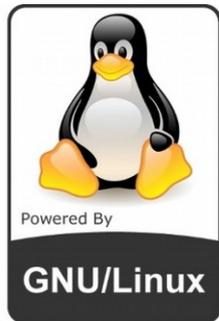


In collaborazione con:



Internet Of Things? Internet Of Thieves!

Pullarà Giovanni Battista [IT Engineer&DevOps]



28/10/2017
Palermo



**FAB
LAB**
PALERMO

<http://fablabpalermo.org>

info@fablabpalermo.org



FREE CIRCLE



Who am I

**Sistemista/DevOps da sempre appassionato all'hacking. La sua passione nasce accostandosi a realtà come il FreakNet e co-fondando l'hacklab a Palermo. Con alle spalle un passato da IT Specialist presso Unicredit, attualmente si occupa dell'automazione di reti&systemi e sviluppo per Viral Digital Strategies. Socio del Fablab Palermo, FreeCircle GLUG, e del Museo dell'Informatica Funzionante, crede fermamente nell'opensource e nel "codice sorgente come mezzo di evoluzione personale e sociale".
Il suo motto?**

- **"Talk is cheap. Show me the code."
(Linus Torvalds)**

IOT DEVICE



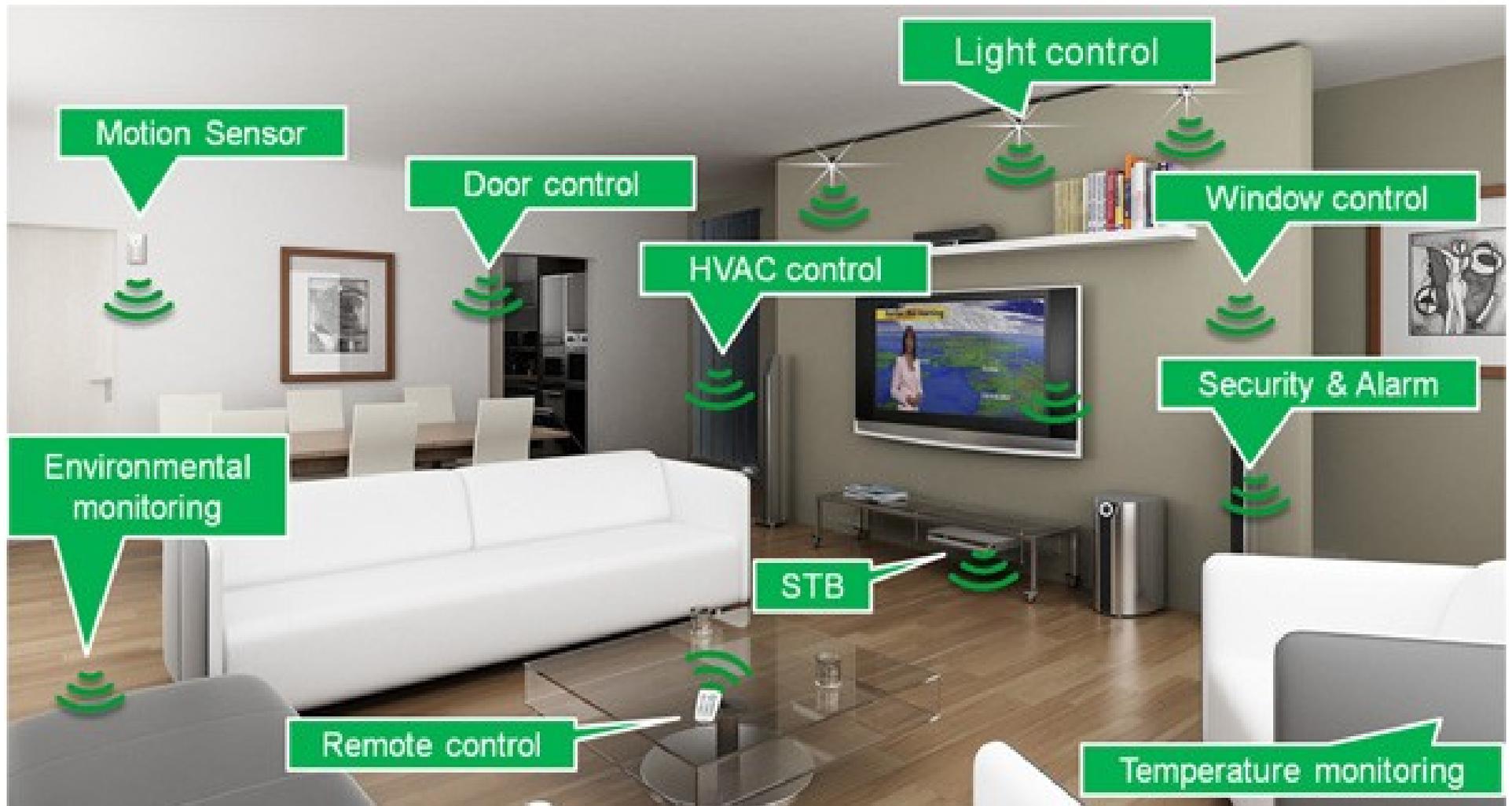
IOT Device

- **Domotic [HVAC, SAC, FA, FLS, Lights&E.Appliance]**
- **Robotic**
- **Intelligent transportation system**
- **Biomedical**
- **Industrial Monitoring**
- **Telemetry**
- **Surveillance**
- **Smart Grid**
- **Smart City**
- **Embedded system**
- **Agriculture**
- **Zootechnics**
- **And more ...**

IOT Device



IOT Device



IOT Device

The #IoT is expected to make impacts in manufacturing, healthcare, retail, security and transportation

40.2%



**Business/
Manufacturing**

Real-time analytics of supply chains and equipment, Robotic machinery

30.3%



Health Care

Portable health monitoring, electronic recordkeeping, pharmaceutical safeguards

8.3%



Retail

Inventory tracking, smartphone purchasing, anonymous analytics of consumer choices

7.7%



Security

Biometric and facial recognition locks, remote sensors

4.1%

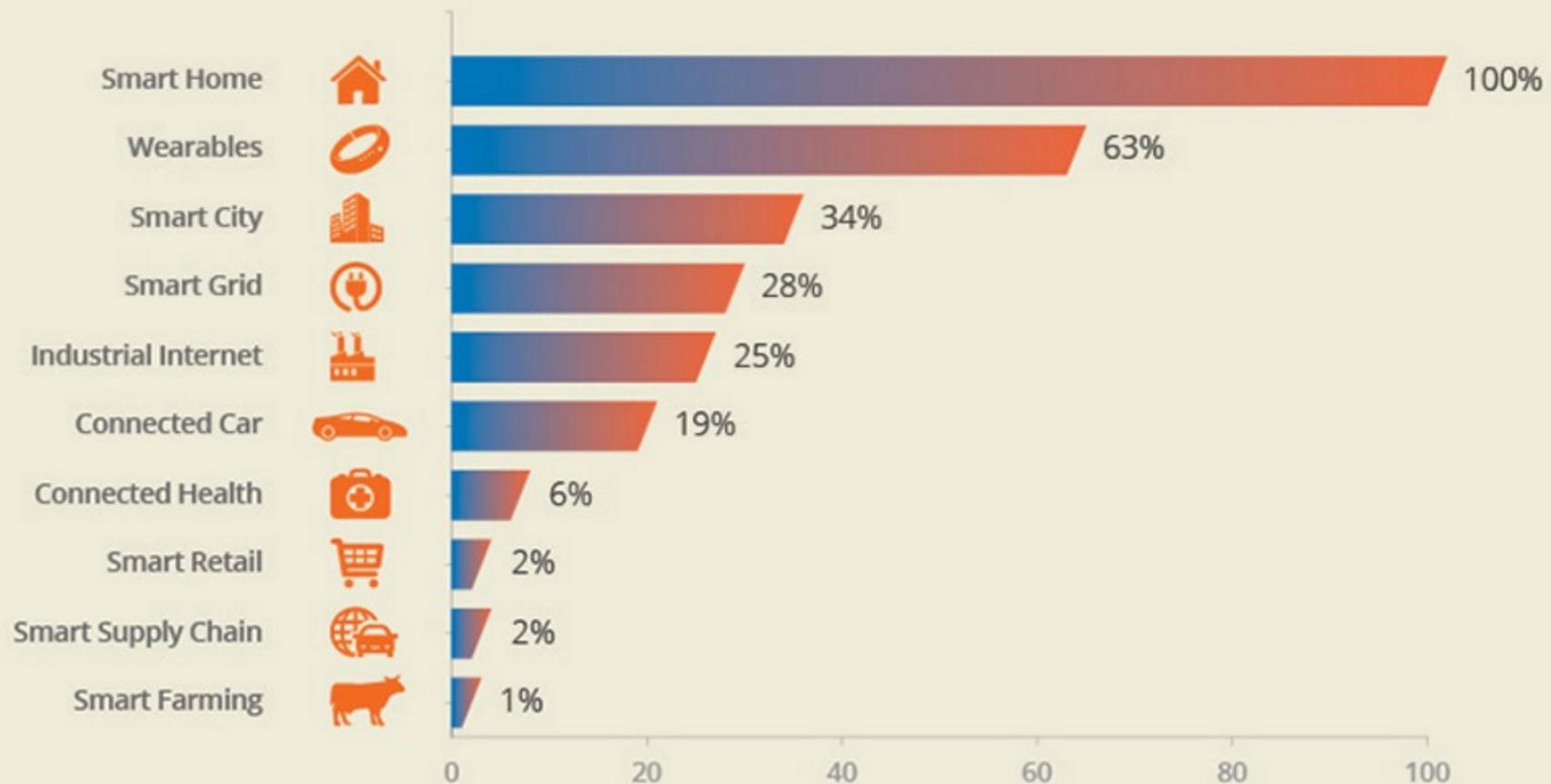


Transportation

Self-parking cars, GPS locators, performance tracking.

IOT Device

The 10 most popular “Internet of Things” applications A ranking based on web analytics



IOT Device

2020

4

Billion



Connected
People

\$4

Trillion



Revenue
Opportunity

25+

Million



Apps

25+

Billion



Embedded and
Intelligent Systems

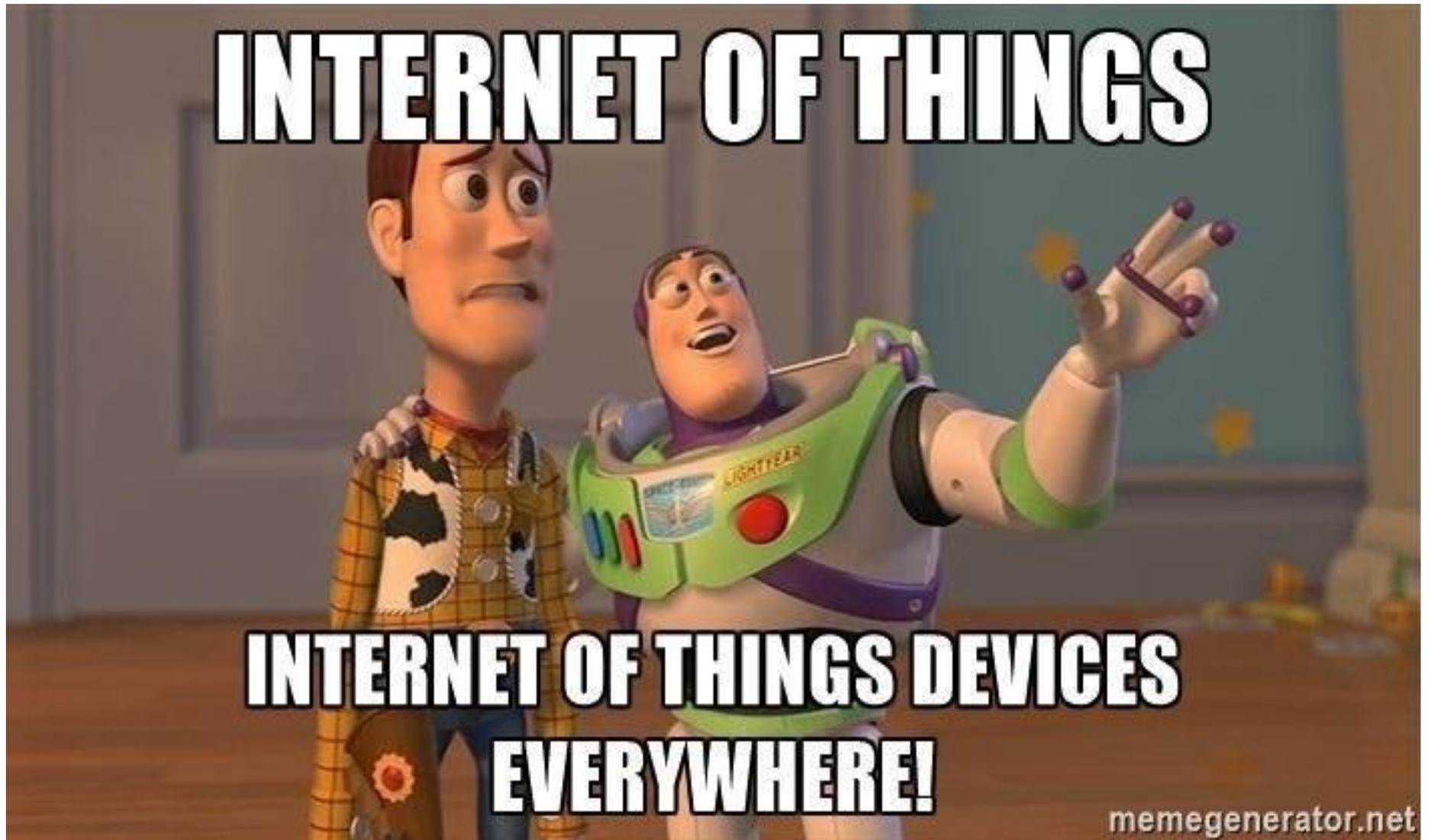
50

Trillion

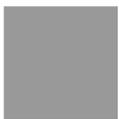


BG's of Data

IOT Device



IOT {in}Security



IOT inSecurity



THE S IN IOT

STANDS FOR SECURITY

IOT inSecurity

Kill a Jeep on the Highway !



+ 500.000 hackable automobiles
Total Remote Control from Internet



Chris Valasek's and Charlie Miller's pivotal research on hacking into Jeep's presented at DEFCON in 2015.

IOT inSecurity

Data from connected CloudPets teddy bears leaked and ransomed, exposing kids' voice messages



```
$2a$10$3IZUjBF6m/z8cSMw.M0IN.  
$2a$10$L3Bx2H4w4.KiPATy.M2Go.  
$2a$10$ajo/bIZDS82qZtIr.Oz9V.  
$2a$10$1RnqSAo1I1wb/OXR.O875u  
$2a$10$gsw7B97umN5rMXi..P.F1O  
$2a$10$1f.mrrSFyobxKK1L.RNLou  
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iNyqqgpp72MNO.:password  
Zxf/P6GFk/Vng6:password  
zA6veghnGoHiz6:cloudpets  
78VVrysQHdgvts:123456  
Jn5PmyyYby2sDi:cloudpets  
ijWBVnHqvDEYzK:cloudpets  
kx5gEdOmiGPQvq:abc123  
oBxG3DW1IA.rFW:123456  
eew8aQx23wzrbC:password  
fdRrbdQp.MwWu.:123456  
ZOAGOuLpESWqEy:password  
/j37JFZKoeLVNq:qwe  
/uC3vvxmpuDKr6:123456  
2Yb/uMY9CBX8fe:abc123  
5b4MBAXkqB9tJq:cloudpets  
QDCJ14oWxBvg5q:cloudpets  
LYD8RFaDP0ndNS:password  
s59Hz9AV8CoVX6:123456  
PxZUL5SzBy.KKi:123456
```

“

*You DB is backed up on our servers, send 1 BTC to
Ij5ADzFvIqx3fsUPUYIAWktuJ6DF9P6hiF then send your ip address to
[email:krakeno@india.com](mailto:krakeno@india.com)*

”

IOT inSecurity

Hackers Can Disable a Sniper Rifle - Or Change Its Target



Security researchers Runa Sandvik, left, and husband Michael Auger have figured out how to hack into a Tracking Point TP750 rifle to disable it or control the trajectory of its bullets

Changing a single number in the rifle's software made the bullet fly 2.5-feet to the left, bullseyeing an entirely different target.

Thankfully TrackingPoint rifles are designed not to fire unless the trigger is manually pulled.

IOT inSecurity



IOT inSecurity

NEED MORE PWINING STORY???

<https://github.com/nebgnahz/awesome-iot-hacks>

<https://github.com/jaredthecoder/awesome-vehicle-security>

A curated list of awesome resources, books, hardware, software, applications, people to follow, and more cool stuff about vehicle security, car hacking, and tinkering with the functionality of your car.



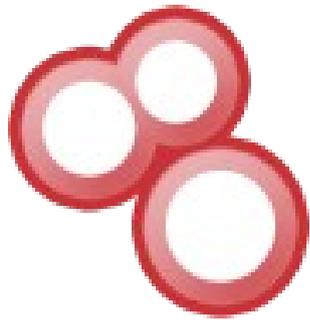
BY YOUR COMMAND

IOT inSecurity

The OWASP Top 10 IoT Vulnerabilities from 2014 are as follows:

Rank	Title
I1	• Insecure Web Interface
I2	• Insufficient Authentication/Authorization
I3	• Insecure Network Services
I4	• Lack of Transport Encryption/Integrity Verification
I5	• Privacy Concerns
I6	• Insecure Cloud Interface
I7	• Insecure Mobile Interface
I8	• Insufficient Security Configurability
I9	• Insecure Software/Firmware
I10	• Poor Physical Security

IOT inSecurity



SHODAN

The search engine for the Internet of Things

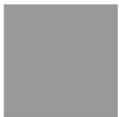
Shodan is the world's first search engine for Internet-connected devices.



IOT inSecurity



IOT Security



IOT Security

CHALLENGES

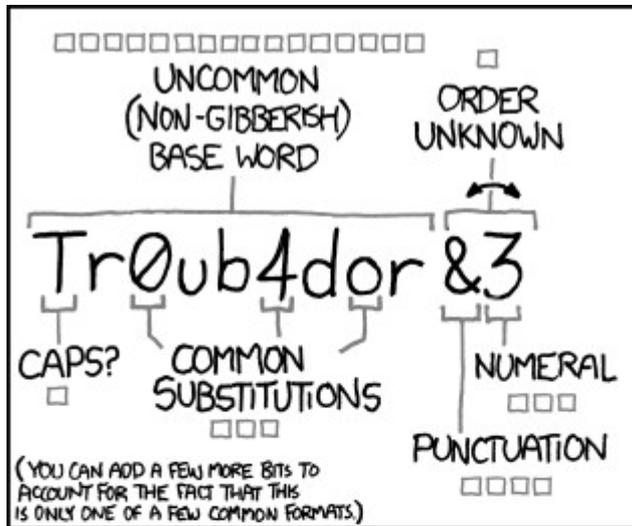
- IoT devices have less resource such as less processing power, storage space, memory etc.
- Firmware upgrade are not straight forward.
- Not easy to apply security patches.
- Current antimalware, endpoint security software can't be installed on all IoT's.
- Data on cloud, hard to self hosted.
- Too much {in}Security.
- Too much mobile.
- OWASP topten and more.

IOT Security

IMPROVING

- Users should download software's and updates only from vendors and trusted source, and always verify the integrity of downloaded software with SHA.
- Product vendors/developers and customers are all responsible for improving IoT device security.
- Implement and enable 2-factor authentications by default.
- Follow secure coding methods and always perform input validation to avoid. Cross-site scripting (XSS), SQL injection and Buffer Overflow (BoF) vulnerabilities
- Enforce an effective passphrase policy, not short and hard, but long and easy to memorize.
- Always use encryption for communication.
- Vendors should think on ease of use vs security.
- People should think that, too.
- Network Isolation and Monitoring [vlan, firewall, IDS/IPS, NMS].
- Isolated Mobile.
- Complex but possible: selfhosted service. Not public/private cloud.
- Remember OWASP iot top ten.

IOT Security



~28 BITS OF ENTROPY

□□□□□□□□ □
□□□□□□□□ □
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$2^{28} = 3 \text{ DAYS AT } 1000 \text{ GUESSES/SEC}$

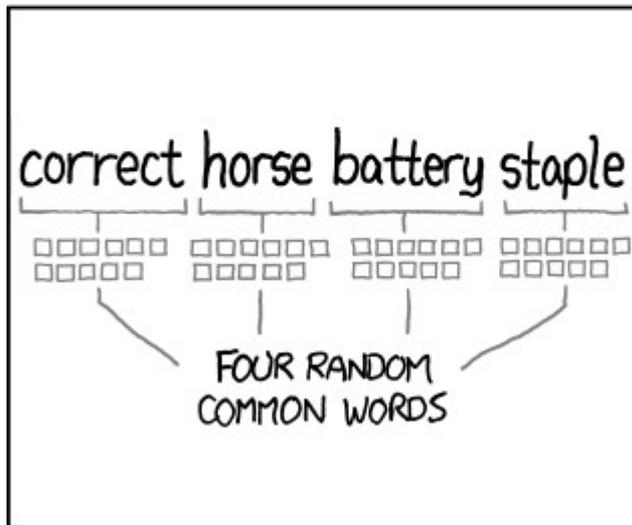
(PLAUSIBLE ATTACK ON A WEAK REMOTE WEB SERVICE. YES, CRACKING A STOLEN HASH IS FASTER, BUT IT'S NOT WHAT THE AVERAGE USER SHOULD WORRY ABOUT.)

DIFFICULTY TO GUESS: **EASY**

WAS IT TROMBONE? NO, TROUBADOR. AND ONE OF THE 0s WAS A ZERO?

AND THERE WAS SOME SYMBOL...

DIFFICULTY TO REMEMBER: **HARD**



~44 BITS OF ENTROPY

□□□□□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□□□
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$2^{44} = 550 \text{ YEARS AT } 1000 \text{ GUESSES/SEC}$

DIFFICULTY TO GUESS: **HARD**

THAT'S A BATTERY STAPLE.

CORRECT!

DIFFICULTY TO REMEMBER: YOU'VE ALREADY MEMORIZED IT

THROUGH 20 YEARS OF EFFORT, WE'VE SUCCESSFULLY TRAINED EVERYONE TO USE PASSWORDS THAT ARE HARD FOR HUMANS TO REMEMBER, BUT EASY FOR COMPUTERS TO GUESS.

IOT Security

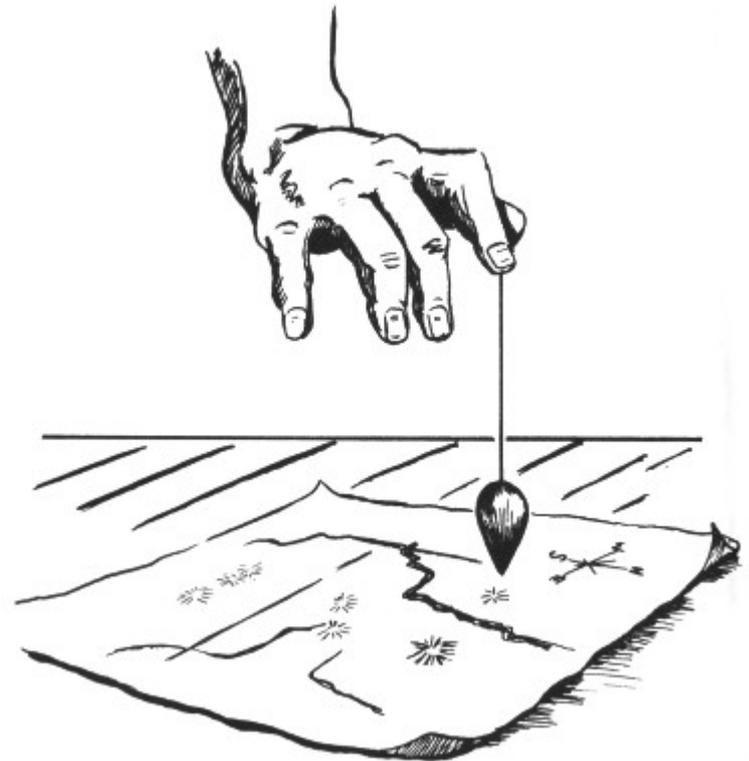
Dowse :: local area network rabdomancy

dyne.org

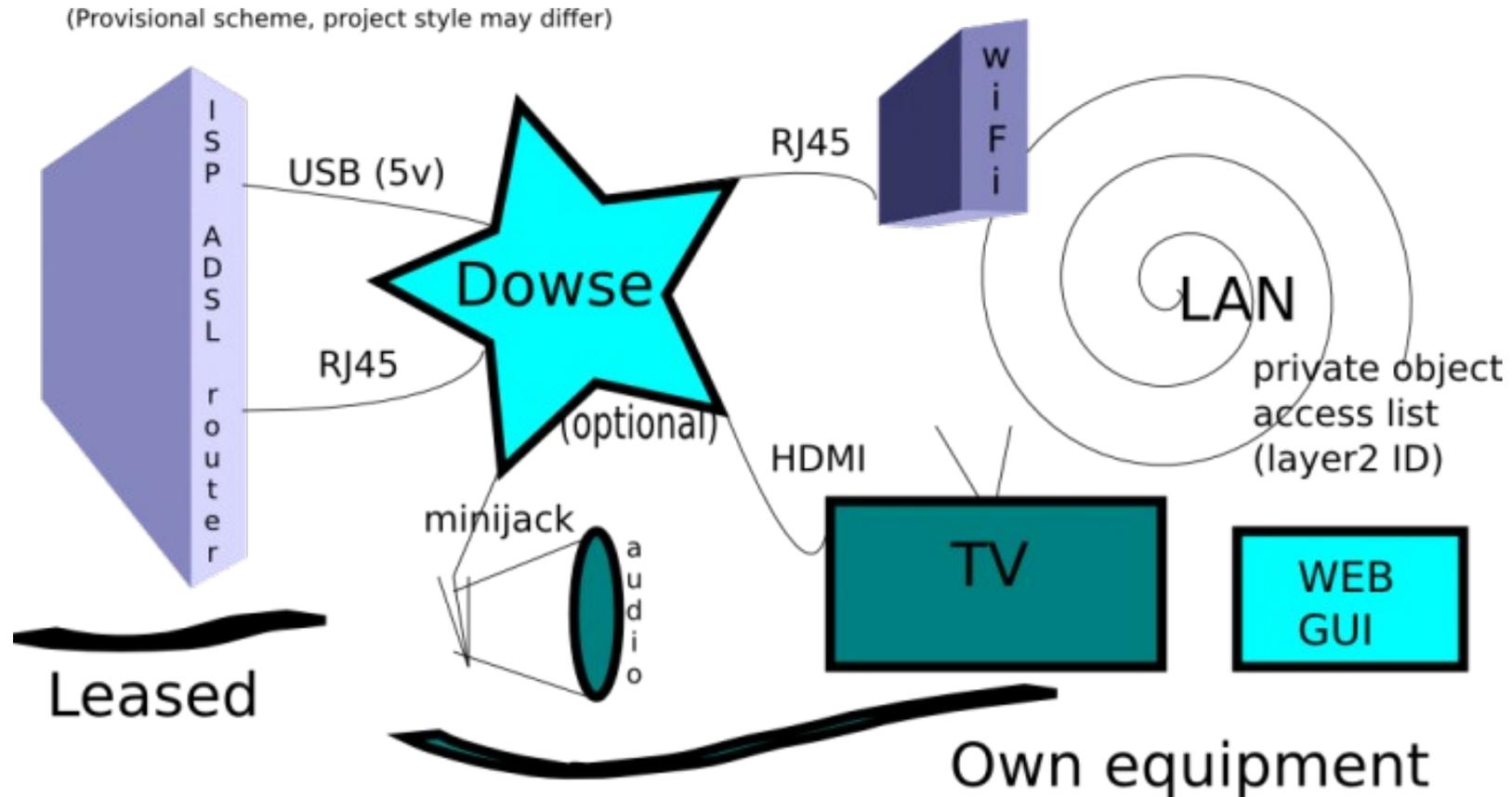
dowse

Features

- Easy to configure DHCP server with local hostname resolution on LAN
- Hardcode MAC entries of known hosts to protect from arp spoofing
- Basic, fairly secure, iptables firewall configured on the fly for NAT
- Fast caching of HTTP traffic also helps to save bandwidth
- Eliminates most Internet advertisements from all websites
- Transparent proxy avoid the need to configure browsers proxies
- Usable and easy to administer with basic GNU/Linux sysadmin skills



IOT Security



Dowse is a transparent proxy facilitating the awareness of ingoing and outgoing connections from and to a local area network.

Provides a central point of soft control for all local traffic: from ARP traffic (layer 2) to TCP/IP (layer 3) as well application space, by chaining a firewall setup to a transparent proxy setup. A core feature for Dowse is that of hiding all the complexity of such a setup.

IOT Security

Dowse takes control of a LAN by becoming its DHCP server and thereby assigning itself as main gateway and DNS server for all clients. It keeps tracks of assigned leases by MAC Address. DNSMasq is the DHCP and DNS daemon.

All network traffic is passed through NAT rules for masquerading. HTTP traffic (TCP port 80) can be filtered through a transparent proxy using an application layer chain of Squid2 and Privoxy.

All IP traffic is filtered using configurable blocklists to keep out malware, spyware and known bad peers, using Peerguardian2 and Iptables.

All DNS traffic (UDP port 53) is filtered through Dnscap and analysed to render a graphical representation of traffic. It is also possible to tunnel it via DNSCrypt-proxy, encrypting all traffic (AES/SHA256) before sending it to DNSCrypt.eu or other configurable servers supporting this protocol.

In the future, traffic of all kinds may be transparently proxied for monitoring, filtering, and transformation by other applications loaded on the Dowse device.

All daemons are running as a unique non-privileged UID. The future plan is to separate them using a different UID for each daemon.

Final thoughts



Final Thoughts



Reference

Reference

<https://github.com/nebgnahz/awesome-iot-hacks>
<https://github.com/jaredthecoder/awesome-vehicle-security>
<http://www.iotcrimes.com>
<http://illmatics.com/Remote%20Car%20Hacking.pdf>
<https://blog.codinghorror.com/password-rules-are-bullshit/>
https://www.owasp.org/index.php/OWASP_Internet_of_Things_Project
<https://shodan.io>
<https://www.dyne.org/software/dowse/>
<https://senseiserver.io>
<http://www.fablabpalermo.org>
<http://thefreecircle.org>
<http://viralds.it>

The Truth

```
1 package main
2
3 import (
4     "fmt"
5     "strings"
6 )
7
8 func endsWith(s1, s2 string) {
9     if strings.Contains(s1, s2) {
10         fmt.Println(s2, "is the end of", s1)
11     }
12 }
13
14 func main() {
15     endsWith("IDIOT", "IOT")
16 }
17
```

**Thanks and
goodbye**

Fablab&Free Circle - Palermo